

Topic: Health problems. Problemy zdrowotne

1. Poznajemy słowa oznaczające problemy zdrowotne:

a blocked nose-zatkany nos

a cold-przeziębieni

a cough-kaszel

earache-ból ucha

a headache-ból głowy

a runny nose-katar

a sore throat-bolące gardło

a stomachache-ból brzucha

a temperature-temperatura

toothache-ból zęba

cough-kaszeć

sneeze-kichać

Pobrane z czasownika *have to*.

She has to stay in bed

Emma: OK ... Get well soon! Bye!
Gran: Who's ill?
Emma: Poppy. She's got the flu. She has to stay in bed. At least she doesn't have to study for the French test.
Gran: Poor girl! Well, we all have to be careful, Emma. It's easy to catch the flu at this time of the year.

Emma: Oh, no!
Gran: What's the matter, darling?
Emma: Poppy's got my new dance shoes! I put them in her bag when we went shopping. I have to go and get them.
Gran: You don't have to wear your new shoes. You've got your old ones.
Emma: My old shoes are too small, Gran.

Gran: Do you really have to go there when Poppy's got the flu?
Emma: Yes, I do. Don't worry, Gran. I don't have to go near Poppy. I'm not even going to go into her room.
Gran: Hmm.
Emma: Poppy? It's me again! Can I come and pick up my shoes before I go to my dance class? ... OK, see you soon!

A few days later ...

ATISHOO!

2. Przeczytaj dialog i zaznacz właściwą odpowiedź:

1. Poppy is staying at home today because she isn't well/wants to study for a test.
2. Emma's shoes are in her shopping bag/at Poppy's house.
3. Emma can't wear her other shoes because they are the wrong size/look too old.
4. Emma isn't going inside Poppy's house/room.
5. Emma is going to Poppys's house/her dance class first.